

**Section Description**

Students should answer questions pertaining to the handbook sections studied in class. The same questions should be answered before and after classroom instruction and then recorded on the Pre/Post Test Results Sheet, and submitted to CECH. Please note that the test with answers is on C1-C-4 with the Student Test to follow on pages C5-C7.

**LOCAL GOVERNMENT CECH-UP  
PRE/POST -TEST**

**GENERAL**

1. The United States purchased the Louisiana Territory, including Missouri, from what country in 1803?
  - a. England
  - b. France
  - c. Spain(b)
2. Missouri became a state in 1821.
  - a. True
  - b. False(a)

**UNIT ONE: COUNTY GOVERNMENT**

3. Each county has a county seat, which is like the "capital" of the county.
  - a. True
  - b. False(a)
4. County government can be described as general-purpose government.
  - a. True
  - b. False(a)
5. Counties are divided into four different classes, based on the assessed value of the property in the county.
  - a. True
  - b. False(a)
6. A home-rule charter allows a county to design a form of government that meets its needs.
  - a. True
  - b. False(a)

7. Which one of the following services is a county not required to provide?
- a. Law enforcement
  - b. Road building and maintenance
  - c. Education
- (c)

**UNIT TWO: MUNICIPAL GOVERNMENT**

8. A non-home-rule or "statutory" city has more power than a home-rule city.
- a. True
  - b. False
- (b)
9. Suburban cities tend to grow up along the paths of interstate highways or other major highways.
- a. True
  - b. False
- (a)
10. City government can be described as general-purpose government.
- a. True
  - b. False
- (a)
11. Stable bridges, modern water, sewage, streets, and efficient mass transit are examples of infrastructure.
- a. True
  - b. False
- (a)
12. The largest metropolitan area in the state is located in and around:
- a. Kansas City
  - b. St. Louis
  - c. Springfield
- (b)

**UNIT THREE: SPECIAL PURPOSE GOVERNMENTS**

13. Special purpose governments provide many different types of activities that benefit their residents.
- a. True
  - b. False
- (b)

14. Each special district has a governing board.
- a. True
  - b. False
- (a)
15. Who is the top administrative official in a school district?
- a. Mayor
  - b. Principal
  - c. Superintendent
  - d. Teacher
- (c)
16. Can a community set up a fire department as a special district?
- a. Yes
  - b. No
- (a)
17. School districts are administered by elected bodies called city councils.
- a. True
  - b. False
- (b)

**UNIT FOUR: LOCAL GOVERNMENT FINANCING**

18. Revenue is money that is:
- a. Spent
  - b. Received
- (b)
19. "Real property" includes things such as land and buildings.
- a. True
  - b. False
- (a)
20. One source of revenue for local governments is the local property tax-
- a. True
  - b. False
- (a)
21. The federal government and the state cannot give money to local school districts to provide education.
- a. True
  - b. False
- (b)

22. Which of the following types of taxes is a tax on certain goods and services sold in the community?
- a. Income tax
  - b. Personal property tax
  - c. Sales tax
- (c)

**UNIT FIVE: PLANNING AND ZONING**

23. An application for a conditional use permit goes to the city's parks and recreation commission.
- a. True
  - b. False
- (b) planning and zoning commission
24. A 'setback' is a requirement that states that a building must be built at least a certain number of feet from the property line.
- a. True
  - b. False
- (a)
25. Zoning refers to a city or county's regulations, laws or ordinances that tell how land can be used in various parts of the community.
- a. True
  - b. False
- (a)
26. A plan is a blueprint or guide for the orderly growth of the community.
- a. True
  - b. False
- (a)
27. Which of the following is not considered a zoning district?
- a. Residential
  - b. Commercial
  - c. Industrial
  - d. Agricultural
- (b)

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*Student Copy***

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